National Update

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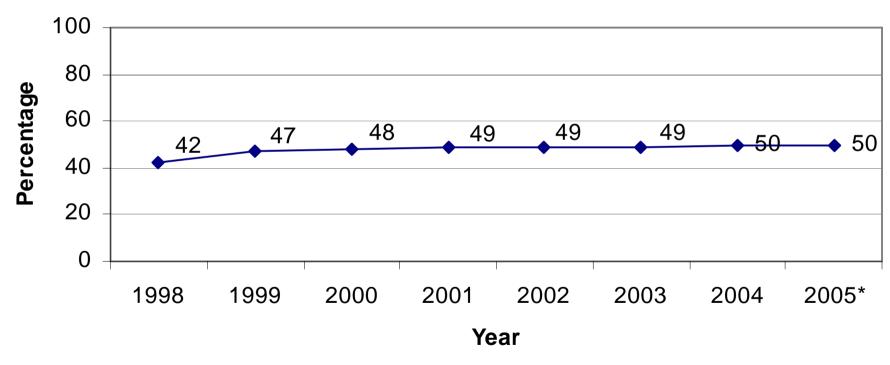
Overview

- National program data trends
- 2008 Program Requirements review
- 2008 IPOM
- Guide to Life overview



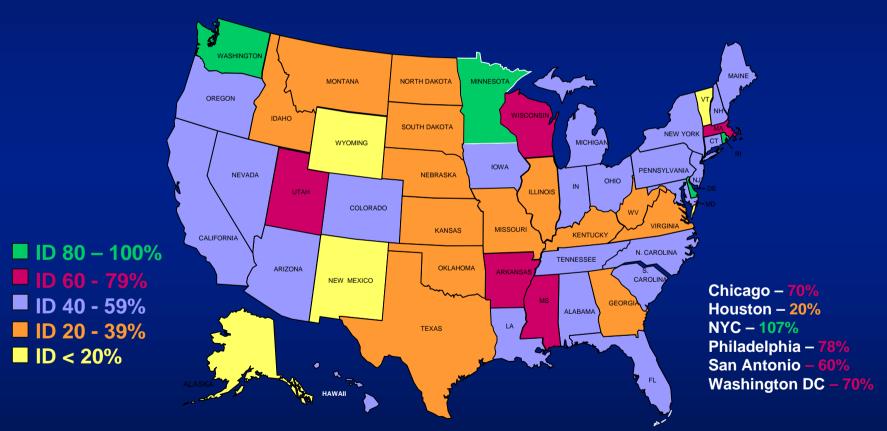
Identified Births vs Expected Births to HBsAg-Positive Women (US)







Identified Births vs Expected Births to HBsAg-positive Women, 2005*

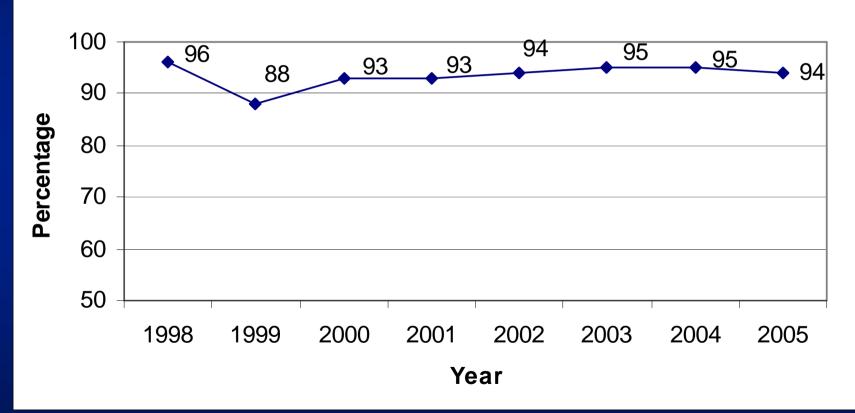


Source, 2004 CDC Perinatal Hepatitis B Prevention Program Point Estimates and 2005 Annual Assessment Of Progress Towards Goals to Prevent Perinatal HBV Transmission



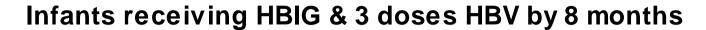
Case Management- 1st dose of HBV & HBIG (US)

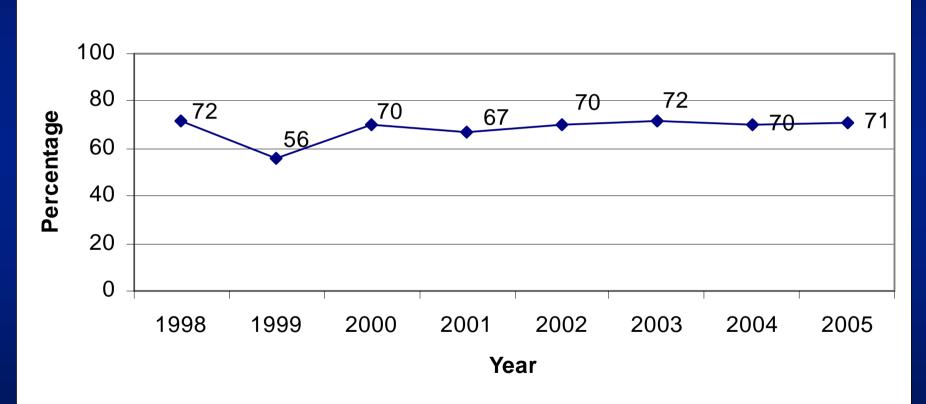






Case Management- HBIG & 3 doses HBV by 8 months (US)

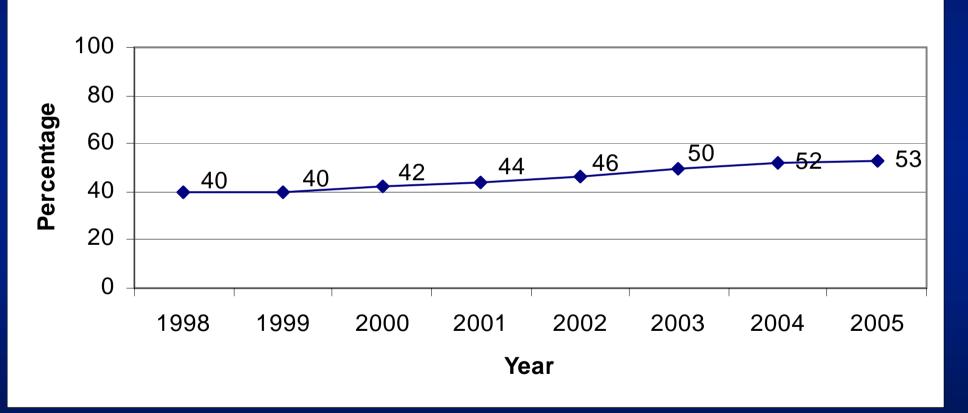






Case Management- Serologic Testing (US)

Infants Receiving Serologic Testing





Case Management- Household & Sexual Contacts

During management of infants born in 2005

- 12,670 contacts were identified
- Of these contacts:
 - 12% were infected
 - 38% were immune
 - 22% were susceptible



Case Management- Household & Sexual Contacts (cont'd)

During management of infants born in 2005

- 2050 contacts received dose one of hepatitis B vaccine
- 1859 contacts received dose two of hepatitis B vaccine
- 1701 contacts received dose three of hepatitis B vaccine



2008 Immunization Program Requirements-Perinatal Hepatitis B Prevention

- Establish a mechanism to identify all HBsAg-positive pregnant women.
- Conduct case management of all identified infants at risk of acquiring perinatal hepatitis B infection which includes
 - administration of appropriate immunoprophylaxis is administered to all infants born to HBsAg-positive women [including hepatitis B immune globulin (HBIG), hepatitis B vaccine birth dose, and complete vaccine series].
 - completion of post-vaccination serologic testing of all infants born to HBsAg-positive women and reporting of all HBsAg-positive infants to CDC through the National Notifiable Disease Surveillance System (NNDSS).

2008 Immunization Program Requirements-Perinatal Hepatitis B Prevention (cont'd)

- 3. Evaluate completeness of identification of HBsAgpositive pregnant women, case management, reporting of HBsAg-positive infants, and appropriate care of infants born to HBsAg-unknown status mothers based on methodology provided by CDC.
- 4. Develop and examine feasibility to implement a state plan to put into practice a universal reporting mechanism with documentation of maternal HBsAg test results for all births.
- 5. Work with hospitals to achieve universal birth dose coverage and documentation of the birth dose IIS.

2008 Immunization Program Operations Manual (IPOM)

- IPOM provides guidance on activities grantees should use to achieve the program requirements
- The 2008 IPOM is meant to be used during the upcoming grant cycle (2008-2012) to assist grantees in writing their grants



Guide to Life

- The Guide to Life has been updated from the original, 1996 version
- The text has been streamlined and updated to reflect the maturity of the program
- More detailed information on program evaluation has been added
- The manual will be posted on the DVH website soon



Guide to Life (cont'd)

Manual is divided into following chapters:

- 1. Case identification and management
- 2. Establishing Program Goals and Evaluating Your Program
- 3. Engaging Stakeholders to Strengthen Your Program
- 4. Education and Outreach

